Gleaves Makes Full Report on U-Boat Attacks on United States Transports

Admiral Believes Germans Knew of Fleet's Coming

Flagship Is First Vessel Fired On

at least two submarines were indicated to be engaged. The admiral stated the belief that the U-boats had knowledge of the coming of the troop ships and were on watch for them.

The second group of transports also was attacked by two submarines, one of which apparently was sent to the bottom by a bomb dropped from an American destroyer. There is disagreement among officers of the third group as to whether they were attacked, but much evidence is presented to indicate

Secretary Daniels made the report public, with certain military information deleted, after he had sent an uncensored copy in confidence to the Senate Naval Committee, members of which

recently inquired as to the truth of charges in the Senate that the official account of the attack published on July 3 was greatly exaggerated.

When the committee's inquiry first was made the full report from Admiral Gleaves had not been submitted to the department, but the Secretary replied that he was willing to show the members the briefer dispatch from which the first announcement was made.

Paniels's Letter

In his letter of transmittal to-day Mr. Daniels recalled these facts and continued:

"I am sending you the exact text of the report of Rear Admiral Gleaves giving in detail the account of the submarine attacks for the use of the Naval Affairs Committee, I am also sending you so copy for the press exactly in the words of the official report, the omission also of certain military information that cannot be published under naval regulations. However, the chiefs are represented by letter, and not by the real name of the ship, with the omission also of certain military information that cannot be published under naval regulations. However, the chiefs are represented by effective to the official report."

Text of Gleaves's Report

Text of Gl

from the northwest which look was sea into whitecaps. The condition was ideal for a submarine attack.

"Third—Paragraph 3 gives the formation and names of the vessels, together with the speed they were making and the method of proceeding, nothing else. It is therefore omitted.)

"Fourth—Shortly before the attack the helm of the flagship had jammed, and the ship took a rank sheer to starboard. The whistle was blown to indicate this sheer. In a few minutes the ship was brought back to the course. At this time the officer of the deck and others on the bridge saw a white streak about fifty yards ahead of the ship, crossing from starboard to port at right angles to our course. The ship was immediately run off 90 degrees to starboard at full speed. I was asleep in the charthouse at the time. I heard the officer of the deck say: 'Report to the admiral a torpedo has just crossed our bow.' General alarm was sounded, torpedo crews being already at their guns. When I reached the bridge the 'A' and one of the transports astern had opened fire, the former's shell fitted with tragers. Other vessels of the convey turned to the right and left, in accordance with instructions. 'B' crossed our bow at full speed and turned toward the left column in the direction of the firing.

Wake Was That of U-Boat

"Fifth—At first it was thought on board the flagship that the wake was that of a torpedo, but from subsequent reports from other ships, and in the opinion of Lieutenant 'X', who was on the bridge, it was probably the wake of the submarine boat itself. Two torpedoes passed close to the 'A' from port to starboard, one about thirty yards ahead of the ship and the other under her stern, as the ship was turning to the northward. Captain 'Y' reports the incident thus:

"Steaming in formation on zigzag "10. The 'H.,' leading the second croupse, with base course 75 degrees group, encountered two submarines, the

New Time Table ERIE RAILROAD **AUGUST 5, 1917** TRAIN 5 To CLEVELAND To BUFFALO

Leave New York

West 23 Street.....7:10 P. M. Chambers St.7:20 P. M. Lv. Jersey City 7:45 P. M. Carries Sleepers for BUFFALO, CLEVELAND, OIL CITY and CHICAGO

resentative of a press association cabled from the base of the American flotilla in British waters: "There was no submarine attack whatever. No torpodes were test as association of the American flotilla in British waters: "There was sible protection." The first attack took place at 10:30 o'clock on the wight of large 20. What

Vessel Fired On

Two Submarines Took Part

in Each Attack—One

Sunk

Washington, Aug. 1.—Details of the attacks by German submarines upon the attacks by German submarines upon the first expedition of American troops sent to France became known for the first target by George Creel single to first expedition of American troops sent to France became known for the first conduct, when the report of Rear Admiral Gleaves, commanding the naval convoy, was made public by Secretary Daniels.

The first attack wook place at 10:30 o'clock on the night of June 22. What gives it peculiar and disturbing significance is that our ships were set upon at a point well this side of the rendez-torial investigation and it then appeared that the statement had been prepared by George Creel in the presence of Secretary Daniels and Admiral Gleaves. In explanation, and referring to Admiral Gleaves, and it that the torpedo discharge was rather cryptic. I sat down and elaborated on the text of the deciphered message. I then wrote the announcement."

Daniels's Statement

The first attack was made on Admiral Gleaves, commanding the naval convoy, was made public by Secretary Daniels.

The first attack was made on Admiral Gleaves. In explanation, and referring to Admiral Gleaves, and in that part of the Atlantic presumably free from submarines.

"The high seas convoy, circling with their searchlights, answered with heavy gunfire, and its accuracy stands proved by the fact that the torpedo discharge became increasingly scattered and inaccurate. It is not known how many torplace were launched, but five were counted as they sped by bow and stern.

"As second attack was launched a few days later against another contingent. The point of assault was beyond the rendezvous, and our destroyers were sailing as a screen between the transports and all harm. The results of the battle were in favor of American gun-nery.

"It is with the joy of a great relief"

port, it is safe to disclose the dangers that were encountered and to tell the

complete story of peril and courage.

"The transports bearing our troops were twice attacked by German submarines on the way across. On both pocasions the U-boats were beaten off occasions the U-boats were beaten off with every appearance of loss. One was certainly sunk, and there is reason to believes that the accurate fire of our gunners sent others to the bottom.

"For purposes of convenience, the expedition was divided into contingents,"

"The whole nation will fejoice that so great a peril is passed for the vanguard of the men who will fight our battles in France. No more thrilling Fourth of July celebration could have been arranged than this glad news that lifts the 'shadow of dread from the heart of America."

Red Cross Will Furnish Information was divided into contingents, heart of America."

Two Wakes Seen Together

"Sixth—The torpedo fired at the 'D' passed from starboard to port, about you a copy for the press exactly in the words of the official report, the only changes being that the names of the ship, with the omission also of certain military information that cannot be published under naval regulations. However, the emissions are noted. Everything with reference to the attacks of the submarines is given in the exact words of the official report."

Text of Gleaves's Report

The report was prepared by Admiral Gleaves while at a French port and was submitted to Admiral Mayo, in command of the Atlantic fleet, who forwarded it to the Navy Department. Its full text as made public follows:

"First—About 10:15 p. m., June 22, the first group of the expeditionary force, of which the flagship was the leader, encountered the enemy's submarine in lat. — N. Long. — W. was roused out of his sleep and went had been there only a few "Second—At the time it was ex-" limited to the convoy, which sheered off from the convoy, which sheered off from the convoy, which sheered off from the command of the Atlantic fleet, who forwarded it to the Navy Department. Its full text as made public follows:

"First—About 10:15 p. m., June 22, the first group of the expeditionary force, of which the flagship was the leader, encountered the enemy's submarine in lat. — N. Long. — W. Second—At the time it was ex
"Tow Wakes Seen Together

"Sixth—The torpedo fired at the 'D' at the 'D' at the water about 250 to 300 yards ahead of the ship, leaving at the 'D' at the water above to port, should be with the port, should be with two port, and the 'D' at the water about 250 to 300 yards aboard to port, about 15 de-gene distinct wake, which was traboard to port, and the 'D' at the water abo

leader, encountered the enemy's submarine in lat. — N. Long. — W. "Second—At the time it was extremely dark, the sea unusually phosphorescent, a fresh breeze was blowing from the northwest which broke the sea into whitecaps. The condition was sideal for a submarine attack. "Third—(Paragraph 3 gives the formation and names of the vessels, tomation and names of the vessels, tomation and names of the vessels, toward the stack ing and the method of proceeding, nothing else. It is therefore omitted.)

"Fourth—Shortly before the attack the helm of the flagship had jammed, and the ship took a rank sheer to startant the ship took are ship took a rank sheer to startant the ship took are ship took ar

The Azores Attack

"Eighth—When I was in Paris I was shown by the United States Navat Attaché a confidential official bulletin of information issued by the French General Staff, dated July 6, which con-

General Staff, dated July 6, which contained the following:
"Punta Delgada, Azores, was bombarded at 9 a. m., July 4. This is undoubtedly the submarine which attacked the "E" on June 25, 400 miles north of the Azorer, and sank the "F" and "G" on the 29th of June, 100 miles from Terceira (Azores). This submarine was ordered to watch in the vicinity of the Azores, at such a distance as it was supposed the enemy American it was supposed the enemy American convoy would pass from the Azores.' Luck Was With Fleet

"9. It appears from the French re-port just quoted above, and from the location of the attack, that enemy sub-marines had been notified of our approach and were probably scouting across our route. It is possible that

discovered.

"Steaming in formation on zigzag
courses, with base course 75 degrees

"10. The 'H.,' leading the second group, encountered two submarines, the irst about 11:50 a. m., June 26, 1917, in latitude — north, longitude, — west, about 100 miles off the coast of France, about in latitude — north, longitude, — west, about 100 miles off the coast of France, and the second two hours later. The 'I.' investigated the wake of the first without further discovery. The 'J.' sighted the bow wave of the second at a distance of 1,509 yards and headed for it at a speed of twenty-five knots. The gun pointers at the forward gun saw the periscope several times for several seconds, but it disappeared each time before they could get on, due to the zig-zagging of the ship. The 'J.' passed about twenty-five yards ahead of a mass of bubbles, which were coming up from the wake, and let go a depth charge just ahead. Several places of timber, quantities of oil, bubbles and debris came to the surface. Nothing more was seen of the submarine. The attacks on the second group occurred about 809 miles to the eastward of where the attacks had been made on the first group.

"Eleventh The voyage of the third group was uneventful.

Supposed U-Boat Fired On

Supposed U-Boat Fired On

The Daniels-Creel Statement

Doubt was cast on Secretary Daniels's each contingent including troopships and a naval escort designed to keep off such on American troop ships the day after it appeared. The English reparation in Furchase and a naval escort designed to keep off such German raiders as might be met. "An ocean rendezvous had also been arranged with the American destroyers

nature. It read as follows:

"It is with the joy of a great relief that I announce to the people of the United States the safe arrival in France of every fighting man and every fighting ship.

"Now that the last vessel has reached port, it is safe to disclose the dangers the safe to disclose the dangers that the last vessel has reached the U-boats at a safe distance, but their speed also resulted in the sinking of one submarine, at least. Grenades were used in firing a depth charge explosive timed to go off at a certain displacement of the control of American gandency.

"Not alone did the destroyers hold the U-boats at a safe distance, but their speed also resulted in the submarine, at least. Grenades were used in firing a depth charge explosive timed to go off at a certain displacement of the proposition of the control of American gandency.

the sea after a shot from a destroyer at a periscope, and the reports make

in line then and more or less scattered.
"The gunner officer and all the men who were aft at the firing are certain Turned Over, Delegates Say

"'A separate report of Lieutenant V., U. S. N., the gunnery officer, is here-

and in due time joined the escorts and convoy formed column astern.

"'Report by signal was made to group commander of sighting submarines and torpedoes.'

"13. (Paragraph 18 deals exclusively with a recommendation as to the best methods to be employed in the future for the purpose of saving life. It is plain this ought not to be made public.)

"14. Copies of reports of commanding officers flagship, A, D and H, are inclosed; also copy of report of Lieutenant V., of the 'K.'

"ALBERT GLEAVES."

Nansen Meets Wilson; To Solve Ship Problem

Understanding in Regard to Exports Probably Will Be Reached Soon

Washington, Aug. 1 .- Fridtjof Nansen, head of the special Norwegian mission to the United States, was presented to President Wilson this afternoon by the Norwegian Minister, H. H.

Little difficulty is anticipated by

The Norwegian shipping problem has "Twelfth. In the forenoon of June 28, when in latitude — N., longitude — W., the 'K' opened fire on an object about three hundred yards distant which he that is British owned.

Senators at Work On Details of New Tax

\$2,000,000,000 Measure To Be Reported Out This Week

Washington, Aug. 1 .- With the basic upon, the Senate Finance Committee, revising the war tax bill, began to-day the task of working out the details by which it is planned to increase the bill's total from \$1,670,000,000 to about total from \$1,670,000,000 to about \$2,000,000,000 chiefly through additional taxes on intoxicants and on personal and corporate incomes.

Chairman Simmons hopes to be able o present the bill to the Senate be-ore Saturday.

Little progress was made to-day by the committee. It held a brief session, and because members desired to attend the prohibition debate in the Senate, vided surplus. The provision to levy a one-cent stamp tax on bank checks of over \$5, estimated to yield between \$8,000,000 and \$10,000,000, is understood to have been reopened by the com-

If a bank check tax is finally retained it probably will apply to all checks whether under or over \$5, and may be

Four Ambulance Drivers Are Honored by France

Paris, Aug. 1.—William G. Rice, of Albany, and Durbin W. Rowland, of Toledo, Ohio, Harvard students, and John S. Woodbridge, of Shanghai. China, and John G. Rothermel, of Reading, Penn., Princeton students, all acting as ambulance drivers in the American Field Service, have been awarded the Cross of War for bravery in removing wounded men while under heavy shell fire.

Perley Raymond Hamilton, of Clinton, Mass., and James Wilson Gailey. of New Park, Penn., the two members of the American Field Service who were killed last Saturday, were buried at the control of the control of the control of the many shell fire.

Weak on Bombing

The soldiers believe his comprised that the note of him if rades would write the letter for him if the was saved when he was take

of the American Field Service who were killed last Saturday, were buried at the front on Monday, with full military honors. The War Cross was placed on each coffin by General Niessel.

Paris, Aug. 1.—The American Red Cross has organized a bureau of information concerning casualities. The purpose of the bureau is to get information regarding casualities to the families of Americans wounded, missing or pose of the bureau is to get informa-tion regarding casualties to the fami-lies of Americans wounded, missing or taken prisoner, and to act as a channel through the International Red Cross in Geneva for communication between American prisoners in Germany and their families and between German takes.

held in Germany. All information col-lected in the field will be transmitted to the Paris headquarters and from there forwarded to Washington.

Bernstorff Is Invited To Meet Michaelis

Berlin Newspaper Scoffs at Uniform Worn by New Chancellor

Copenhagen, Aug. 1.—Count von Bernstorff, former German Ambassador to Washington, was among the few selected guests invited by Baron von Treutler, Emperor William's diplomatic adviser and Prussian envoy to the court of Bavaria, to meet Chancellor Michaelis at tea on the occasion of the Chancelloris wish to Munich the Chancellor's visit to Munich.

Chancellor Michaelis, like Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg, ex-Chancellor, and Herr von Jagow, former Minister of Foreign Affairs, will be speedily promoted to

Turned Over, Delegates Say countries, who have maintained an at-

Berne, Aug. 1.—The German delegates to the conference with Swiss representatives held here yesterday main-"The "K" kept zig-zagging until it was considered that danger was past, and in due time joined the escorts and convoy formed column astern."

"The "K" kept zig-zagging until it was considered that danger was past, and in due time joined the escorts and convoy formed column astern.

"The "K" kept zig-zagging until it was a loan of about 250,000,000 francs to Germany.

This loan, it was a loan of about 250,000,000 francs to Germany.

This loan, it was declared, is indis-pensable in order that Germany may be in condition to effect its payments in Switzerland in the money of that coun-

Bread Cards in France

Paris, Aug. 1 .- Bread cards will be Introduced into France on Saturday.

The "Journal Officiel," it is announced to-day, will on that day publish a decree whereby each adult and family head is to receive a card entitling grown persons to 500 grams of bread daily. Children under seven years will be allowed 300 grams.

This ration may be augmented by 200 grams if a holder of a card furnishes sufficient reasons.

Miss Brown said that she was publicly insulted upon the streets, both by German men and women. Once, while walking on Under den Linden, she met an old friend and spoke to her in English. A German woman, overhearing her tapped her on the shoulder with an umbrella, exclaiming, "You are a Britisher!" "No, I'm an American." Miss Brown answered. "That's much worse," the woman replied, "The Americans have betrayed Germany, but introduced into France on Saturday.

Thrift Forced on Sammies; Beer Diet Saves Lion Cub

lements of new revenue levies decided Price-Fixing Checks Prodigality of Soldiers in France; Champagne Now Under Ban; Troops Take Up Work With Fire Bombs

By HEYWOOD BROUN

(Accredited to the Pershing Army by The New York Tribune and Syndi-

prohibiting American soldiers from buying champagne. This was fast be-coming the favorite beverage of the enlisted men. Officers say the soldier.

proncient in bomb-throwing that to-morrow they will begin to practice with fire grenades. This is a trying drill, for the grenade must be tossed away within five seconds after the fuse is

the army, has recovered from his se-rious illness. The soldiers believe his life was saved when he was taken off

out when the general reached the camp to-day. He was accompanied by three French generals, and is expected to spend two or three days here inspect-

ing the various billeting places and the training grounds.

There was an unfortunate occurrence

in the camp last night. Two soldiers became engaged in a quarrel over a card game, and one of them kicked the other several times in the stomach.

The latter crawled away to his billet, where he was later found dead. His assailant is under arrest.

This is the third death that has occurred in the camp, the two others ba-

ing deaths by drowning.

CONTROLE AMERICAIN, AMERI- Another order on spending is one CAN EXPEDITIONARY FORCE, AUG. the prohibition debate in the Senate, adjourned until to-morrow, while a sub-committee continued work on various tax revisions, including modifications of the Jones amendment levying tions to the Jones amendment levy tions to the Jon

them up by giving demonstrations of first aid, and by reading the army regulations, with particular reference to the death penalty.

Letters have caused no end of trouble for the officers. English is only one of many languages used by the soldiers.

A letter in German was turned back to the sender with the information that the French government permitted only checks many languages used by the soldiers. Americans Get War Cross the French government permitted only French and English.

> tones that he knew no French and could set going.
>
> "Uncle Sam," the lion cub mascot of "Uncle Sam," the lion cub mascot of set. When informed that one of his com-

The writer explained in Teutonic

In summing up the training so far, an American officer said: "We have more to learn in bombing than anything else. The accuracy of the French with bombs amazes us, though we hope our men may be able to throw further. The French have taught us one new shift with the bayonet, but in this department we can soon hold our own. All our old men shoot well and the recruits are learning. The Canadians have succeeded in bringing some new methods to this war and we are hopeful that we may do so, too—after we have mastered the old ones."

The American army added price control of the American troops, arrived to-day at the training camp for his expected visit, which had been postponed from Monday. The programme that had been originally arranged for his reception was carried out when the general reached the camp

The American army added price con-trol to its functions yesterday. In-habitants of French villages complained

american prisoners in Germany and their families and between German prisoners in the hands of the Americans and their families.

The bureau also will furnish lists of prisoners in the hands of the Americans to the International Red Cross and receive from it lists of Americans held in Germany. All information collected in the field will be transmitted

they will reap their reward. Gott strafe die Vereinige Staaten!" Regarding the food situation, and especially the scarcity of meat, Miss Brown stated that while waiting for her necessary papers, she visited friends in Leipzig. It was impossible to obtain meat of any kind there, or anywhere in the south, she stated, and the order had been issued to feed upon the animals in the world renowned Leipzig Zoo. Germans' Hatred Of U.S. Described By Girl from Berlin

Americans Insulted on Streets; Animals in Leipzig Zoo Killed for Food

An Atlantic Port, Aug. 1 .- Miss Mario Brown of Pittsburgh, who left Berlin on July 14, told on her arrival here to-Herr Michaelis wore a captain's uniform, giving the Begin "Vossische Zeitung" the opportunity to scoff at the worship of epaulettes which puts a leading stateman in a line officer's uniform the same than the same Despite reports from

sources she said the German Empire stands united as never before. The feeling among the people, principally the non-combatants, is that Germany with her allies will be victorious, and to that Germans Want Swiss Loan end is prepared to undergo any sacrifice. The German people openly admit that they have received many necessary food supplies from their neighboring

"Americans now in Germany are objects of particular insult," said Miss Brown, "since the Germans believe they Brown, "since the Germans believe they have been betrayed by the United States. It took me from May 9 to July 14 to get out of the empire, and it was only through the kindness of Captain Hans Tauscher, husband of Mme. Gadski, that I finally obtained the necessary permits.

"Captain Tauscher apologized for the impoliteness of his countrymen, saying: There are a lot of dumb Germans here, and I beg of you to make allowances for them."

Miss Brown said that she was publicly insulted upon the streets, both hy

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Soon we shall have a full stock of Officers Uniforms, ready made, so that you can have them on short notice. At our Broadway and 29th Street store

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Smart Tailored Suits

for mountain, seashore, country and motor use

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at attractively low prices

Among them are Suits of pongee and other silks: Wool Jersey Suits; Serge and Gabardine Suits in military effects; and Sports and Walking Suits.

(Women's Ready-to-wear Suits, Third Floor)

Fifth Avenue - Madison Avenue, Nem Hork 34th and 35th Streets German people were far from starving, and with the present outlook could hold his prospects of success have improved

out for a year longer at least.

Other passengers on board the same ship were Karl von Wiegand and W. B. Hale, newspaper correspondents, recently in Germany. Permanent Austrian Cabinet To Be Formed;

New Programme Includes Home Rule for States

Amnesty Is Proposed

Amsterdam, Aug. 1 .- According to the Vienna "Allegemeine Zeitung." Dr. von Seydler, the Austrian Premier, has von Seydler, the Austrian Premier, has informed the leaders in Parliament that he will be intrusted with the formation of a permanent Cabinet.

All presoners serving sentences up to two years for political offences and numerous Italian irredentists will benefit by the amnesty.

Pope Benedict, says the newspaper, is believed to have had a part in this

Leipzig Zoo.

"It was there that I had my first taste of elephant meat," she said. "To make it tender it was boiled for several hours, having been previously chopped fine by a meat grinder. Even then it was far from edible. I was told by my friends that nearly all the other animals had been consumed."

Despite the high prices and food stringency, Miss Brown stated that the

The southern Slavs, as a result of their break with the Czechs, were said to be ready to enter the majority combina Quoting the "Frankfurter Zeitung."

the Amsterdam dispatch added that it was assumed in Austrian parliamenwas assumed in Austrian parliamen-tary circles that a working majority would be realized on the basis of a strictly defined programme, the most important point of which, aside from economic questions, would be to carry out home rule for the various Austrian states.

Rome, Aug. 1.—According to the "Stampa," news has been received at the Vatican from Vienna of a comprehensive amnesty which is about to be proclaimed by the Austrian government. All prisoners serving sentences

The entire remaining stock of

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Low Shoes for Men are reduced right now

and you have got to act at once if you want to avoid disappointment.

All prices to be advanced August 15th

THIS is an annual clearance, but there is nothing in the shoes to show it! They are all new, fresh, clean merchandise, in those typically custom lasts which have made the Franklin Simon Men's Shoe Shop the fastest-growing shoe shop in New York. Of course, at this stage we are not committing ourselves on the score of sizes. Here and there the lines are broken. But we can fit you in one model or another-so that is neither here nor there! But come in now!

87.50 Banisters reduced to Will be advanced August 15th to \$0.50

85.50 Franklins

\$12.50 Thomas Cort's reduced to

Will be advanced August 15th to \$7.00

reduced to

Will be advanced August 15th to \$14.00 \$7.50, \$8.00 & \$8.50 Sport Shoes

Plain and fancy buckskins and tan Russia calf shoes,

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